

MILITARY SPECIFICATION

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE, TRANSISTOR, PNP, GERMANIUM, LOW-POWER TYPES 2N1224 AND 2N1225

This specification is mandatory for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This specification covers the detail requirements for a PNP, germanium, high-frequency, low-power transistor.

1.2 Physical dimensions. See figure 1 (TO-33).

* 1.3 Maximum ratings.

P_T 1/ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_T 2/ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	V_{EBO}	V_{CBO}	I_C	$T_{stg} \text{ \& } T_{op}$
<u>mW</u>	<u>mW</u>	<u>Vdc</u>	<u>Vdc</u>	<u>mAdc</u>	<u>°C</u>
120	240	-0.5	-40	-10	-55 to +100

1/ Derate linearly 1.6 mW/°C for $T_A > 25^\circ\text{C}$.

2/ Derate linearly 3.2 mW/°C for $T_C > 25^\circ\text{C}$.

* 1.4 Primary electrical characteristics.

Limits	G_{pe} $V_{CE} = -9 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_E = 1 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 12.5 \text{ MHz}$	G_{pb} $V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_E = 1.5 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 50 \text{ MHz}$	$ h_{fe} $ $V_{CE} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = -1.5 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$		C_{obo} $V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_E = 0$ $100 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$
	2N1224	2N1225	2N1224	2N1225	
Min	<u>dB</u>	<u>dB</u>			<u>pF</u>
Max	17	13	3	5	---
	27	21	16	16	3

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 The following documents, of the issue in effect on date of invitation for bids or request for proposal, form a part of the specification to the extent specified herein.

SPECIFICATION

MILITARY

MIL-S-19500 - Semiconductor Devices, General Specification for.

STANDARDS

MILITARY

- * MIL-STD-202 - Test Methods for Electronic and Electrical Component Parts.
- MIL-STD-750 - Test Methods for Semiconductor Devices.

(Copies of specifications, standards, drawings, and publications required by suppliers in connection with specific procurement functions should be obtained from the procuring activity or as directed by the contracting officer.)

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 General. Requirements shall be in accordance with MIL-S-19500, and as specified herein.

3.2 Abbreviations, symbols, and definitions. The abbreviations, symbols, and definitions used herein are defined in MIL-S-19500.

3.3 Design, construction, and physical dimensions. Transistors shall be of the design, construction, and physical dimensions shown on figure 1.

- * 3.3.1 Lead material and finish. Lead material shall be Kovar or alloy 52. Lead finish shall be gold-plated. (Leads may be tin-coated if specified in the contract or order, and this requirement shall not be construed as adversely affecting the qualified-product status of the device, or applicable JAN marking (see 6.2)).

- * 3.3.1.1 Selectivity of lead material. Where choice of lead material (see 3.3.1 above) is desired, it shall be specified in the contract or order (see 6.2).

3.4 Performance characteristics. Performance characteristics shall be as specified in tables I, II, and III.

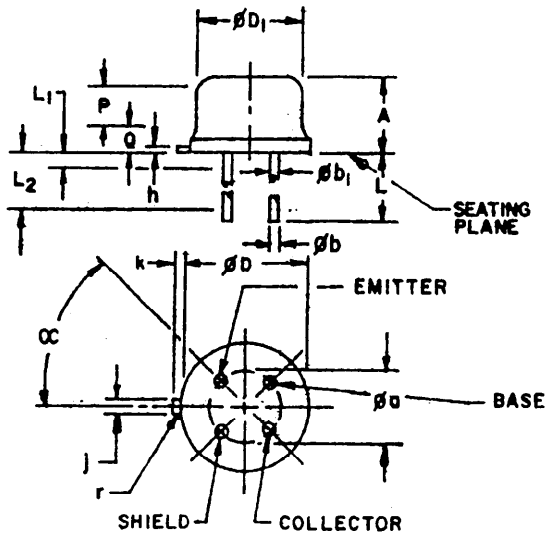
3.5 Marking. The following marking specified in MIL-S-19500 may be omitted from the body of the transistor at the option of the manufacturer:

- (a) Country of origin.
- (b) Manufacturer's identification.

4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

4.1 Sampling and inspection. Sampling and inspection shall be in accordance with MIL-S-19500, and as specified herein.

4.2 Qualification inspection. Qualification inspection shall consist of the examinations and tests specified in tables I, II, and III.

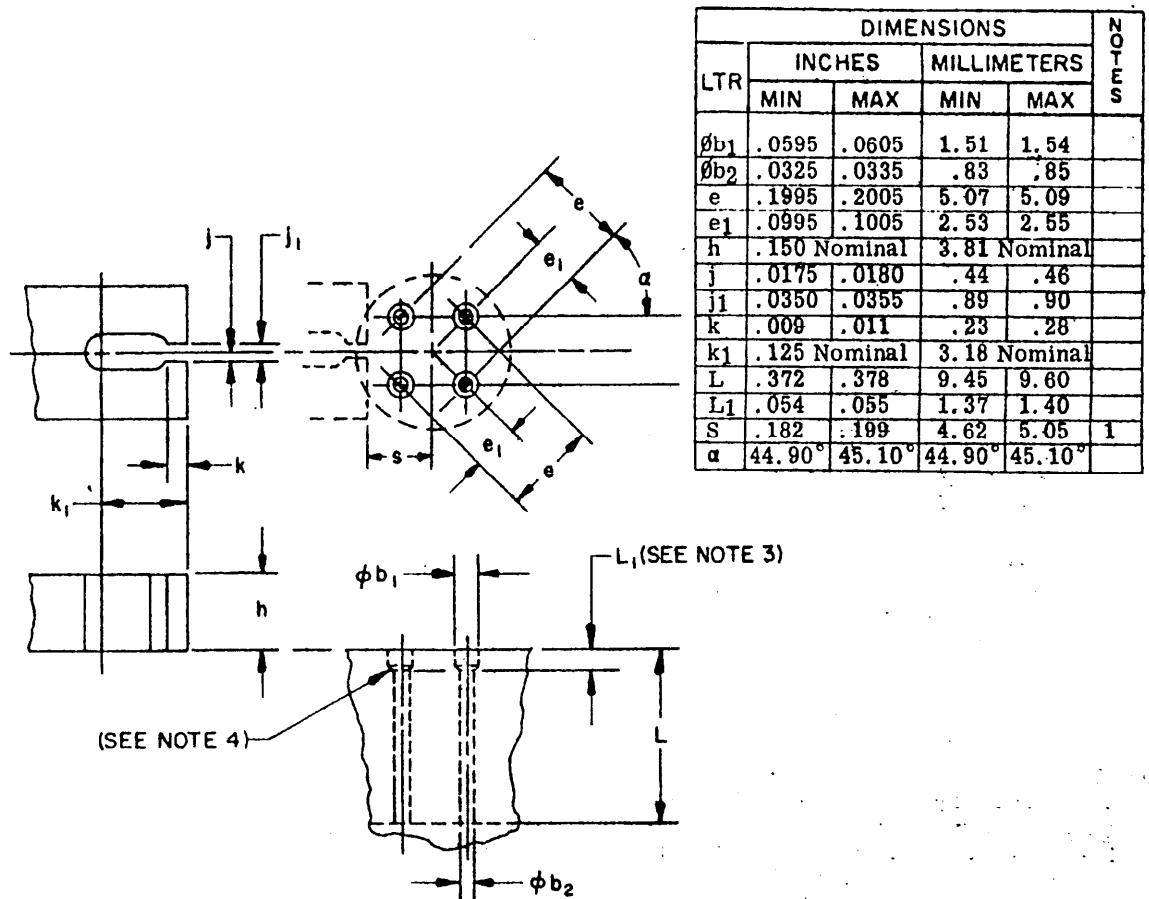


DIMENSIONS					NOTES
LTR	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	.240	.260	6.10	6.60	
Øa	.200 TP		5.08 TP		6
Øb	.016	.021	.41	.53	7,8
Øb1	.016	.019	.41	.48	7,8
ØD	.335	.370	8.51	9.40	
ØD1	.305	.335	7.75	8.51	
h	.009	.041	.23	1.04	
j	.028	.034	.71	.86	2
k	.029	.045	.74	1.14	3
L	1.500	1.750	38.10	44.45	7,8
L1	---	.050	---	1.27	7,8
L2	.250	---	6.35	---	7,8
P	.100	---	2.54	---	5
Q	---	.050	---	1.27	4
r	---	.010	---	.25	10
α	45° TP		45° TP		6

NOTES:

1. Metric equivalents (to the nearest .01 mm) are given for general information only and are based upon 1 inch = 25.4 mm.
2. Beyond r(radius) maximum, j shall be held for a minimum length of .011(.28 mm).
3. k measured from maximum ØD.
4. Outline in this zone is not controlled.
5. ØD1 shall not vary more than .010(.25 mm) in zone P. This zone is controlled for automatic handling.
6. Leads at gage plane .054 + .001-.000(1.37 + .03-.00 mm) below seating plane shall be within .007(.18 mm) radius of True Position (TP) at maximum material condition (MMC) relative to tab at MMC. The device may be measured by direct methods or by the gage and gaging procedure shown in Figure 2.
7. Øb1 applies between L1 and L2. Øb applies between L2 and L minimum. Diameter is uncontrolled in L1 and beyond L minimum.
8. All four leads.
9. The shield lead shall be internally connected to the case. The other three leads shall be electrically insulated from the case.
10. r(radius) applies to both inside corners of tab.

FIGURE 1. Physical dimensions of transistor types 2N1224 and 2N1225 (TO-33).



NOTES:

1. The location of the tab locator within the limits indicated will be determined by the tab and flange dimensions of the device being checked.
2. The following gaging procedure shall be used:

The device being measured shall be inserted until its seating plane is .125(3.18 mm) \pm .010(.25 mm) from the seating surface of the gage. A force of 8 \pm .5 oz. shall then be applied parallel and symmetrical to the device's cylindrical axis. When examined visually after the force application (the force need not be removed) the seating plane of the device shall be seated against the gage.

The use of a pin straightener prior to insertion in the gage is permissible.

3. Gaging plane.
4. Drill angle.

FIGURE 2. Gage for lead and tab location for transistor types 2N1224 and 2N1225.

TABLE I. Group A Inspection

MIL-S-19500/189B

Examination or test	MIL-STD-750		LTPD	Symbol	Limits		Unit
	Method	Details			Min	Max	
<u>Subgroup 1</u>			10				
Visual and mechanical examination	2071			---	---	---	---
<u>Subgroup 2</u>			5				
Collector to base cutoff current	3036	Bias condition D $V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$		I_{CBO}	---	-10	μAdc
Collector to emitter cutoff current	3041	Bias condition D $V_{CE} = -20 \text{ Vdc}$		I_{CEO}	---	-1	mAdc
Small-signal short-circuit forward-current transfer ratio	3206	$V_{CE} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = -1.5 \text{ mAdc}$		h_{fe}	30	175	---
Collector to base cutoff current	3036	Bias condition D $V_{CB} = -40 \text{ Vdc}$		I_{CBO}	---	-20	μAdc
Emitter to base cutoff current	3061	Bias condition D $V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ Vdc}$		I_{EBO}	---	-6	μAdc
* <u>Subgroup 3</u>			10				
Noise figure 2N1224	3246	$V_{CE} = -9 \text{ Vdc}; I_E = 1 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 12.5 \text{ MHz}; R_g = 150 \text{ ohms}$ $R_L = 2000 \text{ ohms}$		NF	---	10	dB
2N1225		$V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}; I_E = 1.5 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 50 \text{ MHz}; R_g = 30 \text{ ohms}$ $R_L = 2000 \text{ ohms}$		NF	---	10	dB
Small-signal power gain 2N1224	3256	$V_{CE} = -9 \text{ Vdc}; I_E = 1 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 12.5 \text{ MHz}$ (see figure 3)		G_{pe}	17	27	dB
2N1225		$V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}; I_E = 1.5 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 50 \text{ MHz}$ (see figure 4)		G_{pb}	13	21	dB
Magnitude of common-emitter small-signal short-circuit forward-current transfer ratio 2N1224 2N1225	3306	$V_{CE} = -12 \text{ Vdc}; I_C = -1.5 \text{ mAdc}$ $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$		$ h_{fe} $ $ h_{fe} $	3 5	16 16	--- ---
Open-circuit output capacitance	3236	$V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}; I_E = 0$ $100 \text{ kHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$		C_{obo}	---	3	pF
* <u>Subgroup 4</u>			10				
High-temperature operation:		$T_C = +85^\circ\text{C}$					
Collector to base cutoff current	3036	Bias condition D $V_{CB} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$		I_{CBO}	---	-500	μAdc
Low-temperature operation:		$T_C = -55^\circ\text{C}$					
Small-signal short-circuit forward-current transfer ratio	3206	$V_{CE} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = -1.5 \text{ mAdc}$		h_{fe}	10	---	---

TABLE II. Group B inspection

Examination or test	MIL-STD-750		LTPD	Symbol	Limits		Unit
	Method	Details			Min	Max	
<u>Subgroup 1</u>			20				
Physical dimensions	2066	(See figure 1)		---	---	---	---
* <u>Subgroup 2</u>			15				
Solderability	2026			---	---	---	---
Thermal shock (temperature cycling)	1051	Test condition B, except in step 3, $T_A = +100 \pm 5, -0^\circ\text{C}$		---	---	---	---
Thermal shock (glass strain)	1056	Test condition A		---	---	---	---
Hermetic seal	1071	Test condition G or H for fine leaks; test condition A, C, D, or F for gross leaks		---	---	1×10^{-7}	atm cc/s
Moisture resistance	1021			---	---	---	---
End points:							
Collector to base cutoff current	3036	Bias condition D $V_{CB} = -40 \text{ Vdc}$		I_{CBO}	---	-20	$\mu\text{A dc}$
Small-signal short- circuit forward- current transfer ratio	3206	$V_{CE} = -12 \text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = -1.5 \text{ mA dc}$		h_{fe}	30	175	---
* <u>Subgroup 3</u>			10				
Shock	2016	Nonoperating; 1500 G; 0.5 ms 5 blows in each orientation: X_1, Y_1, Y_2 , and Z_1		---	---	---	---
Vibration, variable frequency	2056	10 G		---	---	---	---
Constant acceleration	2006	10,000 G; in each orientation: X_1, Y_1, Y_2 , and Z_1		---	---	---	---
End points: (Same as subgroup 2)							
* <u>Subgroup 4</u>			20				
Terminal strength (lead fatigue)	2036	Test condition E		---	---	---	---
End points:							
Hermetic seal	1071	Test condition G or H for fine leaks; test condition A, C, D, or F for gross leaks		---	---	1×10^{-7}	atm cc/s
* <u>Subgroup 5</u>			20				
Salt atmosphere (corrosion)	1041			---	---	---	---

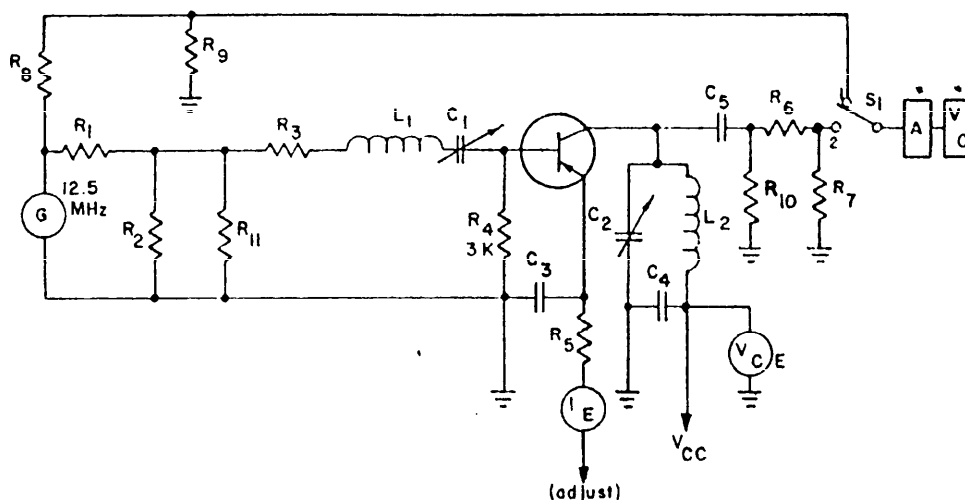
TABLE II. Group B inspection - continued

MIL-S-19500/189B

Examination or test	MIL-STD-750		LTPD	Symbol	Limits		Unit
	Method	Details			Min	Max	
* <u>Subgroup 6</u>			7				
High-temperature life (nonoperating)	1032	$T_{stg} = +100^{\circ}\text{C}$ (see 4.3.4)		---	---	---	---
End points:							
Collector to base cutoff current	3036	Bias condition D $V_{CB} = -40\text{ Vdc}$		I_{CBO}	---	-40	μAdc
Small-signal short-circuit forward-current transfer ratio	3206	$V_{CE} = -12\text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = -1.5\text{ mAdc}$		h_{fe}	24	---	---
* <u>Subgroup 7</u>			7				
Steady-state operation life	1027	$P_T = 120\text{ mW}$; $V_{CB} = -12\text{ Vdc}$ (see 4.3.4)		---	---	---	---
End points: (Same as subgroup 6)							

TABLE III. Group C inspection

Test	MIL-STD-750		LTPD	Symbol	Limits		Unit
	Method	Details			Min	Max	
<u>Subgroup 1</u>			20				
Thermal resistance	3151			θ_{J-A}	---	0.625	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{mW}$
* <u>Subgroup 2</u>			10				
Resistance to solvents	---	MIL-STD-202, Method 215 (see 4.4.2)		---	---	---	---
* <u>Subgroup 3</u>			$\lambda = 10$				
High-temperature life (nonoperating)	1031	$T_{stg} = +100^{\circ}\text{C}$ (see 4.3.4)		---	---	---	---
End points: (Same as subgroup 6 of group B)							
* <u>Subgroup 4</u>			$\lambda = 10$				
Steady-state operation life	1026	$P_T = 120\text{ mW}$; $V_{CB} = -12\text{ Vdc}$ (see 4.3.4)		---	---	---	---
End points: (Same as subgroup 6 of group B)							



NOTE: *A = 12.5 MHz amplifier - 60 dB gain (voltage gain = 1000 times).

C₁, C₂ = 100 pF variable capacitor.

C₃, C₄, C₅ = 0.01 μ F ceramic disc. capacitor.

G = 12.5 MHz oscillator, 50 ohms source impedance.

I_E = D.C. milliammeter $\pm 2\%$.

L₁ = 3.5 μ H.

L₂ = 3.5 μ H.

R₁ = 45 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R₂, R₁₁ = 10 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R₃ = 150 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R₄ = 3000 ohms 1/2 W carbon resistor.

R₅ = 1000 ohms.

R₆ = 275 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R₇, R₉ = 50 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R₈ = 2000 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R₁₀ = 150 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

S₁ = Thompson Con 3AA Coax Switch, or equivalent).

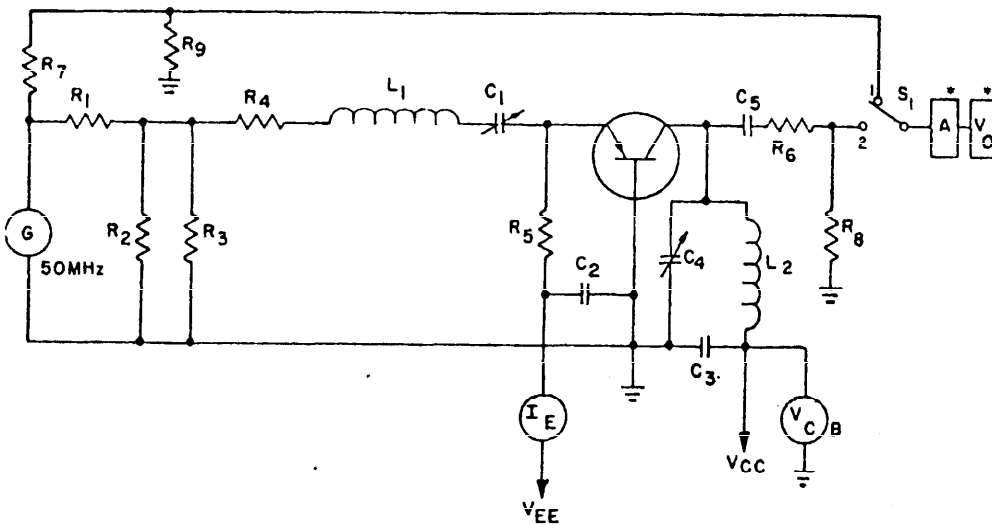
V_C = D.C. voltmeter $\pm 2\%$.

*V_O = Hewlett Packard Model 410 VTVM, or equivalent.

*A suitable R_F voltmeter, such as Boonton Model 91CA, or equivalent, may be substituted for amplifier/voltmeter combination shown.

CALIBRATION: Set switch S₁ to position 1 and adjust signal to 0.5 volts on V_O meter.
Set switch S₁ to position 2 and read V_O (minimum V_O = 300 millivolts for 17 dB power gain, P_g).

FIGURE 3. Power-gain test circuit for transistor type 2N1224.



NOTE: Case of transistor under test shall be grounded.

*A = 50 MHz amplifier - 60 dB gain (voltage gain = 1000 times).

C1, C4 = 50 pF variable capacitor.

C2, C3, C5 = 0.01 μ F ceramic disc. capacitor.

G = 50 MHz oscillator - 50 ohms source impedance.

IE = D.C. milliammeter $\pm 2\%$

L1 = 0.196 μ H (air core).

L2 = 0.7 μ H (air core).

R1 = 45 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R2, R3 = 10 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R4 = 25 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R5 = 3000 ohms, 2 W carbon resistor.

R6 = 2000 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R7 = 750 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

R8, R9 = 50 ohms $\pm 1\%$ (IRC Type MDB Resistor, or equivalent).

S1 = Thompson Con 3AA Coax Switch, or equivalent.

VC = D.C. voltmeter $\pm 2\%$.

*VO = Hewlett Packard Model 410B VTVM, or equivalent.

*A suitable RF voltmeter, such as Boonton Model 91CA, or equivalent, may be substituted for amplifier/voltmeter combination shown.

CALIBRATION: Set switch S1 to position 1 and adjust signal to 0.5 volts on VO meter.

Set switch S1 to position 2 and read VO (minimum VO = 340 millivolts for 13 dB power gain, PG).

FIGURE 4. Power-gain test circuit for transistor type 2N1225.

4.3 Quality conformance inspection. Quality conformance inspection shall consist of groups A, B, and C inspections.

4.3.1 Group A inspection. Group A inspection shall consist of the examinations and tests specified in table I.

4.3.2 Group B inspection. Group B inspection shall consist of the examinations and tests specified in table II.

4.3.3 Group C inspection. Group C inspection shall consist of the tests specified in table III. This inspection shall be conducted on the initial lot and thereafter every 6 months during production.

* 4.3.4 Group B and group C life-test samples. Samples that have been subjected to group B, 340-hour life-test, may be continued on test to 1,000 hours in order to satisfy group C life-test requirements. These samples shall be predesignated, and shall remain subjected to the group C, 1,000-hour acceptance evaluation after they have passed the group B, 340-hour acceptance criteria. The cumulative total of failures found during 340-hour test and during the subsequent interval up to 1,000 hours shall be computed for 1,000-hour acceptance criteria (see 4.3.3).

4.4 Methods of examination and test. Methods of examination and test shall be as specified in tables I, II, and III, and as follows:

4.4.1 Condition of the shield lead. The shield lead is open for the following tests: I_{CEO} , I_{CBO} , I_{EBO} , and C_{obo} . The shield lead is grounded for the following tests: h_{fe} , NF, G_{pb} and G_{pe} .

* 4.4.2 Resistance to solvents. Transistors shall be subjected to tests in accordance with method 215 of MIL-STD-202. The following details shall apply:

- (a) All areas of the transistor body where marking has been applied shall be brushed.
- (b) After subjection to the tests there shall be no evidence of mechanical damage to the device and markings shall have remained legible.

5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

5.1 See MIL-S-19500, section 5.

6. NOTES

6.1 Notes. The notes specified in MIL-S-19500 are applicable to this specification.

* 6.2 Ordering data.

- (a) Lead finish if other than gold-plated (see 3.3.1).
- (b) Selectivity of lead material (see 3.3.1.1).

6.3 Changes from previous issue. The margins of this specification are marked with an asterisk to indicate where changes (additions, modification, corrections, deletions) from the previous issue were made. This was done as a convenience only and the Government assumes no liability whatsoever for any inaccuracies in these notations. Bidders and contractors are cautioned to evaluate the requirements of this document based on the entire content irrespective of the marginal notations and relationship to the last previous issue.

Custodians:

Army - EL
Navy - EC
Air Force - 17

Review activities:

Army - MU, MI
Air Force - 11, 80
Navy - OS
DSA - ES

User activities:

Army - AV, SM
Navy - AS, CG, MC, SH
Air Force - 13, 15, 19

Preparing activity:

Army - EL

Agent:

DSA - ES

(Project 5961-0291)

STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENT IMPROVEMENT PROPOSAL

OMB Approval
No. 22-R255

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1. HAS ANY PART OF THE DOCUMENT CREATED PROBLEMS OR REQUIRED INTERPRETATION IN PROCUREMENT USE?

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B. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CORRECTING THE DEFICIENCIES

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☐ YES ☐ NO (If "Yes", in what way?)

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